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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/560,677	12/14/2005	Roger Cuppens	NL 030715	8560
65913 <b>NXP</b> , B.V.	7590 08/04/200	EXAMINER		
NXP INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT M/S41-SJ 1109 MCKAY DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131			YANG, HAN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2824	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/04/2008	ELECTRONIC

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

ip.department.us@nxp.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Comments	10/560,677	CUPPENS, ROGER			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	HAN YANG	2824			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07/24</u>	/2008				
	action is non-final.				
·=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
ologod in addordance with the practice and c	x parte gaayle, 1000 G.B. 11, 10	0.0.210.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5 and 7-12</u> is/are pending in the app	olication.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) <u>1-5 and 7-12</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
· ·	election requirement				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <i>14 December 2005</i> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
TT) The path of declaration is objected to by the Ex-	anniner. Note the attached Office	Action of form FTO-192.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:					
·— <u> </u>	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  Notice of Informal Patent Application					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date  6) Other:					
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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

1. This action is responsive to the amendment on 07/24/2008 Claims 1-12 are pending. Claims 1 have been amended; claim 6 has been canceled, and claims 11-12 has been added.

- 2. Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, filed 12/14/2005, with respect to the drawing have been fully considered and are persuasive.
- 3. Applicant's argument filed on 07/24/2008 with respect to **claims 1-5, 7-12** have been fully considered but they are persuasive, a new ground(s) of rejection are introduced.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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5. Claims 1-5, 7-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Keshtbod** (US Patent 4,527,255) in view of **Hirose et al.** (US Patent 6,363,011 B1).

6. Regarding Independent claim 1, Keshtbod teaches a static memory (Fig. 2, Q1, Q2) defining at least first and second nodes (Fig. 2, N1, N2) communicatively connected with read and/or write data lines (Fig. 2, #23, #24); at least one non-volatile memory (Fig. 2, Q3, Q4) associated with the static memory (Fig. 2, Q1, Q2), and writing data stored therein to the static memory (Fig. 2, Q1, Q2); the non-volatile memory (Fig. 2, Q3, Q4) comprising a first non-volatile element (Fig. 2, Q3) having a control gate connected to a first node (Fig. 2, N2) and a source connected to a second node (Fig. 2, N1), and a second non-volatile element (Fig. 2, Q4) having a control gate connected to the second node (Fig. 2, N1) and a source connected to the first node (Fig. 2 N2), the drain of each non-volatile element (Fig. 2, Q3, Q4) being connected by of a respective transistor (Fig. 2, Q5, Q6) to a supply voltage; characterized in that the respective transistors (Fig. 2, Q5, Q6) are arranged to isolate the drains (Fig. 2 D3, D4) of the first and second non-volatile elements from the supply during a program cycle of the memory device (Fig. 2, #30).

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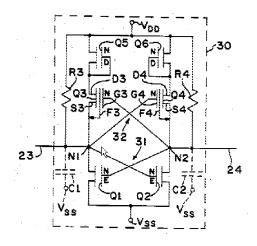


Fig. 2

Keshtbod is silent with respect to the static memory means comprises a pair of crosscoupled inverters.

Hirose et al. teaches the static memory (**Fig. 4**, **#4**) means comprises a pair of cross-coupled inverters (**Fig. 1**, **#45**, **#45**').

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply the teachings of **Hirose et al.** to the teaching of **Keshtbod** such that the reading process of six transistors SRAM cells is easier than four transistors SRAM cells.

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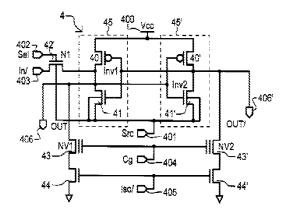


Fig. 5

- 7. Regarding claim 2, Keshtbod teaches the non-volatile memory elements (Fig. 2, Q3, Q4) comprise embedded flash or EEPROM elements (Abstract, lines 3-5).
- 8. **Regarding claim 3**, Keshtbod teaches the non-volatile memory elements (**Fig. 2**, **Q3**, **Q4**) comprise double or single poly floating gate type memory cells (**Abstract**, **lines 3-5**).
- 9. **Regarding claim 4**, Keshtbod teaches the non-volatile memory elements (**Fig. 2**, **Q3**, **Q4**) comprise devices, which can be programmed and erased by of tunneling of charges (**column 4**, **lines 58-61**).
- 10. Regarding claim 5, Keshtbod teaches the non-volatile memory elements (Fig. 2, Q3, Q4) are programmed with opposite data (column 7 lines 1-3, 13-15).
- 11. Regarding claim 7, Keshtbod teaches one or more respective selection transistors (Fig. 1, Q7, Q8) are provided, by of which the nodes (Fig. 1, Fig. 2, #23, #24) are communicatively coupled to the read and/or write lines (Fig. 1).

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12. **Regarding claim 8**, Keshtbod teaches respective selection transistors (**Fig. 1**, **Q7**, **Q8**) are including one or more isolation transistors (**Fig. 1**, **Q7**, **Q8**).

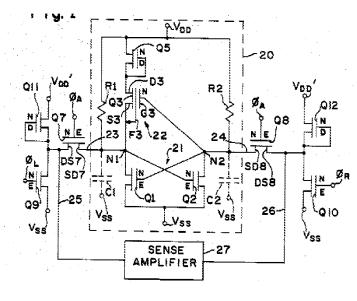
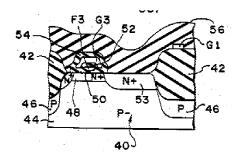


Fig. 1

- 13. **Regarding claim 9**, Keshtbod teaches reconfigurable programmable logic device (Fig. 4, column 10, lines 8-16).
- 14. **Regarding claim 9**, Keshtbod teaches a field programmable gate array including a memory device (**Fig. 4**, **column 10**, **lines 8-16**).



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### Fig. 4

15. **Regarding claim 11,** Keshtbod teaches all of the limitation s discussed above (from which these claims depend).

Keshtob is silent with respect to gates of the respective transistors are connected together to receive a common signal.

Hirose et al. teaches gates of the respective transistors are connected together to receive a common signal (Fig. 5, #404).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply the teachings of **Hirose et al.** to the teaching of **Keshtob** such that it's easy to control nonvolatile memory cells with common wordline.

16. **Regarding claim 12**, Keshtbod teaches all of the limitation s discussed above (from which these claims depend).

Keshtbod is silent with respect to each of the cross-coupled inverters includes a pair of transistors, gates of the transistors of a first inverter of the cross-coupled inverters being connected to the second non-volatile element, gates of the transistors of a second inverter of the cross-coupled inverters being connected to the first non-volatile element. Hirose et al. teaches each of the cross-coupled inverters (Fig. 4, #45, #45') includes a pair of transistors (Fig. 7, Inv1, Inv2), gates of the transistors of a first inverter of the cross-coupled inverters being connected to the second non-volatile element (Fig. 4, gate of 40 and 41 connect to #43'), gates of the transistors of a second inverter of the

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cross-coupled inverters being connected to the first non-volatile element (Fig. 9, gate of 40' and 41' connect to #43).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply the teachings of Hirose et al. to the teaching of Keshtbod such that the reading process of six transistors SRAM cells is easier than four transistors SRAM cells.

#### Response to Amendment

17. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1 has been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection, necessitated by amendment. See the rejection above.

#### Conclusion

18. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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19. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

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examiner should be directed to Han Yang whose telephone is (571) 270-3048. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8am-5pm with alternate Friday

off.

20. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Richard Elms can be reached on 571-272-1869 the fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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07/29/2008

/Richard Elms/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2824

7.30.08